INSTALLATION MANUAL

STANDARD PSC SINGLE PIECE, MULTI-POSITION AIR HANDLERS

MODELS: AP SERIES









LIST OF SECTIONS

GENERAL1	LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL CONNECTIONS	12
SAFETY1	BLOWER SPEED CONNECTIONS	12
UNIT INSTALLATION4	UNIT DATA	12
DUCT WORK AND CONNECTIONS6	MAINTENANCE	19
COIL METERING DEVICES7	AIR SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT	19
REFRIGERANT LINE CONNECTION9	INSTALLATION VERIFICATION	20
CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTIONS10	WIRING DIAGRAM	21
ELECTRIC HEATER INSTALLATION11	TYPICAL THERMOSTAT CONNECTIONS	23
LINE POWER CONNECTIONS11	START UP SHEET	25

LIST OF FIGURES

Return Air Duct Attachment & Component Location	Proper Bulb Location
•	•
Pressure Check	Vertical Temperature Bulb Orientation
Dimensions & Duct Connection Dimensions	Vapor Line Grommet
Typical Installation	Blower Delay Control Board
Horizontal Pan Adjustment Strap Hole Reference	Line Power Connections
Coil Blow Off Wing Installation	Blower Speed Connections
Horizontal Suspension	Duct Static Measurements
Duct Attachment	Drain Traps
Duct Work Transition7	Location of Coil Trapped and Plugged Drain Connections
Recommended Distributor Adjustment8	Wiring Diagram - PSC - Single Phase Heat Kits
Piston Installation	Wiring Diagram - Three Phase Heat Kits 208-230V
TXV Installation9	Typical Wiring Diagram
TVV Bulb and Equalizar line Installations	

LIST OF TABLES

Dimensions	Electric Heat Performance Data: 208/230-1-60 & 208/230-3-60 14
Horizontal Pan Strap Settings for Horizontal Left	Electrical Data For Single Source Power Supply: 208/230-1-60 14
Physical and Electrical Data - Cooling Only	Electrical Data For Multi-source Power Supply: 208/230-1-60 16
Electrical Data - Cooling Only13	Electrical Data For Single Source Power Supply: 208/230-3-60 17
Electrical Heat: - Minimum Fan Speed	Electrical Data For Multi-source Power Supply: 208/230-3-60 18
KW & MBH Conversions - For Total Power Input Requirement 13	Air Flow Data (CFM)

IMPORTANT

If you are installing this air handler in a VRF application, refer to the installation manual supplied with the DX kit.

SECTION I: GENERAL

The single piece air handler series provides the flexibility for installation in any position. This unit may be used for upflow, downflow, horizontal right, or horizontal left applications.

These units may be located in a closet, utility room, attic, crawl space, or basement. These versatile models may be used for cooling or heat pump operation with or without electric heat.

Top or side power and control wiring, color coded leads for control wiring, easy to install drain connections, and electric heaters all combine to make the installation easy and minimize installation cost.

Electric heat kits are available as field installed accessories. Single phase kits are available from 2.5 kW to 25 kW. 208-230 volt three phase kits are available from 10kW to 25kW.

SECTION II: SAFETY



This is a safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand and pay particular attention to the signal words **DANGER**, **WARNING**, or **CAUTION**.

DANGER indicates an **imminently** hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **will result in death or serious injury**.

WARNING indicates a **potentially** hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **could result in death or serious injury**.

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided <u>may result in minor or moderate injury.</u> It is also used to alert against unsafe practices and hazards involving only property damage.

AWARNING

FIRE OR ELECTRICAL HAZARD

Failure to follow the safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death or property damage. A fire or electrical hazard may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

A WARNING

The air handler area must <u>not</u> be used as a broom closet or for any other storage purposes, as a fire hazard may be created. Never store items such as the following on, near or in contact with the furnace.

- Spray or aerosol cans, rags, brooms, dust mops, vacuum cleaners or other cleaning tools.
- Soap powders, bleaches, waxes or other Cleaning compounds; plastic items or containers; gasoline, kerosene, cigarette lighter fluid, dry cleaning fluids or other volatile fluid.
- 3. Paint thinners and other painting compounds.
- 4. Paper bags, boxes or other paper products

Never operate the air handler with the blower door removed. To do so could result in serious personal injury and/or equipment damage.

A WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, or maintenance may create a condition where the operation of the product could cause personal injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for assistance, or for additional information, consult a qualified contractor, installer, or service agency.

A CAUTION

This product must be installed in strict compliance with the installation instructions and any applicable local, state, and national codes including, but not limited to building, electrical, and mechanical codes.

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in air handler malfunction, death, personal injury and/or property damage.
- This air handler should be installed in accordance with all national and local building/safety codes and requirements, local plumbing or wastewater codes, and other applicable codes.
- This air handler should be installed only in a location and position specified in the "Unit Installation" section of this Instruction Manual
- The air handler is not to be used for temporary heating of buildings or structures under construction.
- Always install the air handler to operate within the air handler's intended maximum outlet air temperature.

- 6. The unit rating plate displays the air handler model number. The unit dimensions for the supply air plenum are provided in Figure 3 and Table 1 of this Instruction Manual. The plenum must be installed according to the instructions.
- Clearance from combustible material is provided under "Clearances" in the "Unit Installation" section.

A CAUTION

DO NOT lift air handler by the cabinet braces. The cabinet braces are held in place by the coil channels. The cabinet braces could become disengaged from the cabinet causing the air handler to fall, potentially causing injury or damaging property. See Figure 1 for location of cabinet braces. Lift the air handler by tightly gripping the casing.

- 8. It is necessary to maintain clearances for servicing. Access must be allowed for electric heaters and blower.
- The unit rating plate and power supply must be verified to ensure that the electrical characteristics match.
- Air handler shall be installed so the electrical components are protected from water.
- 11. Installing and servicing heating/cooling equipment can be hazardous due to the electrical components. Only trained and licensed personnel should install, repair, or service heating/cooling equipment. Unlicensed service personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning and replacing the air filters. When working on heating/cooling equipment, the precautions in the manuals and on the labels attached to the unit and other safety precautions must be observed as applicable.

A CAUTION

These air handlers should be transported & handled in an upright, upflow position. Failure to do so may result in unit damage and personal injury. Configuration conversions should be done at site of installation.

12. These instructions cover minimum requirements and conform to existing national standards and safety codes. In some instances these instructions exceed certain local codes and ordinances, especially those who have not kept up with changing residential and non-HUD modular home construction practices. These instructions are required as a minimum for a safe installation.

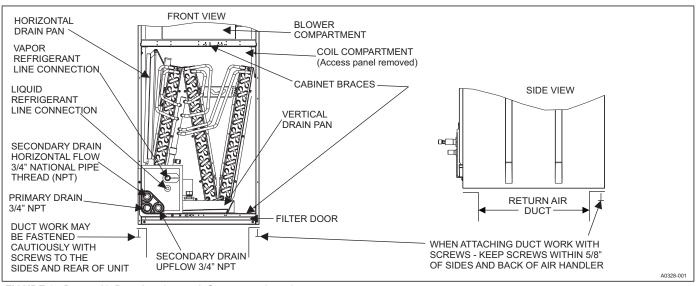


FIGURE 1: Return Air Duct Attachment & Component Location

INSPECTION

As soon as a coil is received, it should be checked to insure it is still under pressure per Figure 2. The coil should be inspected for possible damage during transit. If damage is evident, the extent of the damage should be noted on the carrier's freight bill. A separate request for inspection by the carrier's agent should be made in writing. The Local Distributor should be consulted for more information. The drain pan should be checked for cracks or breakage. Before installation, the unit should be checked for screws or bolts which may have loosened in transit. There are no internal shipping or spacer brackets that need to be removed.

It should be verified that all accessories such as heater kits and thermostatic expansion valve (TXV) kits are available as required. Installation of these accessories or field conversion of the unit should be accomplished before setting the unit in place or connecting any wiring, duct work or piping.

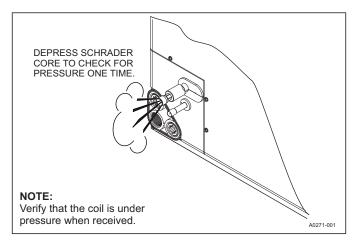


FIGURE 2: Pressure Check

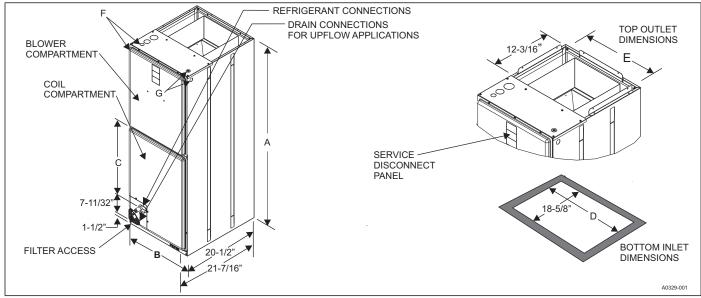


FIGURE 3: Dimensions & Duct Connection Dimensions

TABLE 1: Dimensions¹

			Dimensions	S		Refrigerant Connections			
Models	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G		Size
	Height	Width			_	Power (Conduit)	Control (Conduit)	Liquid	Vapor
18B	41	17-1/2	12-7/8	14-1/4	16-1/2				
24B	41	17-1/2	12-7/8	14-1/4	16-1/2	_			
30B	47-1/2	17-1/2	19-1/2	14-1/4	16-1/2	_			3/4
36B	47-1/2	17-1/2	19-1/2	14-1/4	16-1/2	_			
36C	51-1/2	21	22-5/8	17-3/4	20	7/8 (1/2)		3/8	
37C	51-1/2	21	22-5/8	17-3/4	20	1-3/8 (1)	7/8 (1/2)		
42C	51-1/2	21	22-5/8	17-3/4	20	1-23/32 (1-1/4)			
48C	51-1/2	21	22-5/8	17-3/4	20	_			
48D	55-1/2	24-1/2	26-5/8	21-1/4	23-1/2	1			7/8
60C	55-3/4	21	26-7/8	17-3/4	20	1			
60D	55-1/2	24-1/2	26-5/8	21-1/4	23-1/2	1			

^{1.} All dimensions are in inches.

^{2.} Knockout size (conduit size in parentheses).

SECTION III: UNIT INSTALLATION

NOTICE

Avoid handling aluminum coil components after handling the copper line set or other tubing without first cleaning hands.

UNIT SIZING

The size of the unit should be based on an acceptable heat loss or gain calculation for the structure. The ACCA – Manual J or other approved methods may be used. Reference Figure 3 and Table 1.

- 13. Only connect the air handler to a duct system which has an external static pressure within the allowable range.
- 14. Airflow must be within the minimum and maximum limits approved for electric heat, indoor coils and outdoor units.

Entering Air Temperature Limits							
Wet Bulb	Temp.°F	Dry Bulb Temp. °F					
Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
57	72	65	95				

- 15. When an air handler is installed so that supply ducts carry air circulated by the air handler to areas outside the space containing the air handler, the return air shall also be handled by duct(s) sealed to the air handler casing and terminating in the space to be cooled/heated.
- 16. Refer to the unit rating plate for the air handler model number, and then see the dimensions page of this instruction for supply air plenum dimensions. The plenum must be installed according to the instructions.
- 17. The installer must check available supply power and verify that it is within the normal operating voltage range for the unit. The acceptable voltage range for these units is as follows:

Air Handler Voltage	Normal Operating ¹ Voltage Range
208V-230V-1-60	187V-253V

1. Rated in accordance with ARI Standard 110, utilization range "A".

CLEARANCES

Clearances must be taken into consideration, and provided for as follows:

- 1. Refrigerant piping and connections minimum 12" recommended.
- Maintenance and servicing access minimum 36" from front of unit recommended for blower motor / coil replacement.
- 3. Condensate drain lines routed to clear filter and panel access.
- 4. Filter removal minimum 36" recommended.
- The duct work connected to this unit is designed for zero clearance to combustible materials.
- A combustible floor base accessory is available for downflow applications of this unit, if required by local code.

LOCATION

Location is usually predetermined. Check with owner's or dealer's installation plans. If location has not been decided, consider the following in choosing a suitable location:

- Select a location with adequate structural support, space for service access, and clearance for air return and supply duct connections.
- Using hanging brackets to wall mount this single piece air handler unit is not recommended.

- Normal operating sound levels may be objectionable if the air handler is placed directly over some rooms such as bedrooms, study, etc.
- Select a location that will permit installation of condensate line to an open drain or outdoors allowing condensate to drain away from structure.

NOTICE

The primary and secondary drain line must be trapped to allow proper drainage of condensate water. The secondary drain line should be piped to a location that will give the occupant a visual warning that the primary drain is clogged. If the secondary drain line is not used, it must be capped.

- When an indoor coil is installed in an attic or above a finished ceiling, an auxiliary drain pan should be provided under the air handler as is specified by most local building codes.
- 6. Proper electrical supply must be available.
- 7. If unit is located in an area of high humidity (i.e. an unconditioned garage or attic), nuisance sweating of casing may occur. On these installations, unit duct connections and other openings should be properly sealed, and a wrap of 2" fiberglass insulation with vinyl vapor barrier should be used.

AIR HANDLER CONFIGURATION

These air handler units are supplied ready to be installed in an upflow or horizontal left position. Refer to Figure 4. If the unit requires either downflow or horizontal right airflow configurations, the unit must have the coil assembly repositioned. Refer the Downflow or Horizontal Right Conversion procedures.

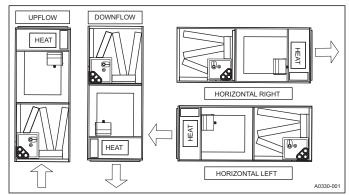


FIGURE 4: Typical Installation

HORIZONTAL LEFT CONVERSION

NOTICE

For horizontal left applications, high airflow can prevent the collected condensate from draining properly since the direction of the airflow opposes the direction of the draining condensate. The horizontal pan must be angled properly in order to ensure proper drainage in high airflow applications. Ensure that the pan is angled properly by checking that the correct hole is used on the pan straps per TABLE 2. Use FIGURE 5 to identify the "BACK" and "FRONT" straps since, in some cases, these settings are not the same.

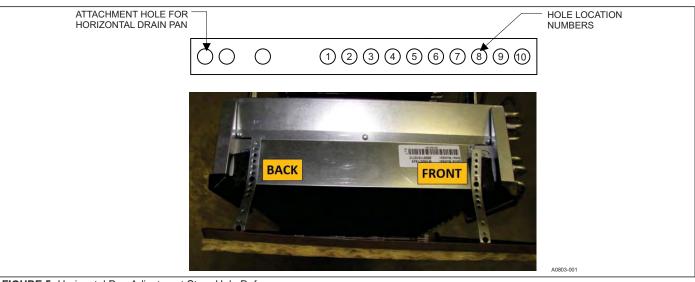


FIGURE 5: Horizontal Pan Adjustment Strap Hole Reference

TABLE 2: Horizontal Pan Strap Settings for Horizontal Left

	Back	Front					
AP	RFCX-P2	AE	RFCX-E2	AVC	CM	Dack	Front
					CM24A		
					CM24B		
AP24B	RFCX24BP	AE24B	RFCX24BE	AVC24B	CM25B		
AP30B	RFCX30BP	AE30B	RFCX30BE	AVC30B	CM30A	2	2
AP36B	RFCX36BP	AE36B	RFCX36BE	AVC36B	CM30B		
					CM36A		
					CM36B		
AP60C	RFCX60CP	AE60C	RFCX60CE	AVC60C	CM60C	3	4
AP36C	RFCX36CP						
AP37C	RFCX37CP	AE42C	RFCX42CE	AVC42C	CM42C	4	4
AP42C	RFCX42CP	AE48C	RFCX48CE	AVC48C	CM48C	4	
AP48C	RFCX48CP						
-	-	AE60D	RFCX60DE	AVC60D	CM64D	4	5
					CM37C		
_	_	AE36C	RFCX36CE	AVC36C	CM30C	5	5
					CM36C		
-	_	_	_	-	CM24C	6	6
AP18B	RFCX18BP	AE18B	RFCX18BE	AVC18B	CM18B	7	7
					CM30D		
AP48D	RFCX48DP				CM36D		
AP46D AP60D	RFCX48DP RFCX60DP	AE48D	RFCX48DE	AVC48D	CM42D	8	8
AFOUL	KECYOODA				CM48D		
					CM60D		

DOWNFLOW OR HORIZONTAL RIGHT CONVERSION

NOTICE

Convert air handler to correct orientation prior to installation. Conversion must be made before brazing the refrigerant connections to the coil.

- 1. Remove coil access panel.
- 2. Slide coil/drain pan assembly out of air handler.

NOTICE

The center support bar for the coil/drain pan has a position identifier embossed into the cabinet structure between the two forward fingers of the support bar. There are four position identifiers: A, B, C, or D. The lettered hole location can differ from unit to unit due to the cabinet width of the air handler. After removal and re-installation, the center support bar must be installed in the same lettered position that it was originally.

Note the lettered position of the center support bar for the coil/drain pan. Remove the center support bar by sliding the forward end of the support bar to the right or left until the lower finger clears the structure.

NOTICE

The position identifier for the coil slide rail is embossed into the back corner vertical angle of the cabinet structure. There are four position identifiers: 1, 2, 3, or 4. The numbered attachment location can differ from unit to unit due to the cabinet height of the air handler. After removal and reinstallation, the coil slide rail must be installed in the same numbered position that it was originally.

- 4. Note the numbered position of the coil slide rail located at the upper right hand side of the indoor coil compartment. Remove slide rail from air handler cabinet by removing front screw and lowering bracket down to disengage hook on back of slide rail.
- 5. Turn air handler cabinet upside down (downflow position).
- Install coil slide rail by hooking the aft end into holes at the numbered position the slide rail was originally in right rear corner post, and secure rail into right front edge of cabinet with screw in the predrilled hole.

NOTICE

The aft fingers of the center support bar are longer than the fingers on the forward end of the support bar.

Install center support bar for the coil/drain pan onto the lettered position that it was originally mounted.

NOTICE

When installing a coil blow off wing, make sure that each notch in the coil blow off wing slides around the anchor screw with the bottom of the notch fully set against the screw.

Ensure that coil blow off wing is installed with the flange bending away from the coil delta plate.

- 8. For horizontal right applications, install front and back coil blow off wings (blow off wings shipped as loose parts with the unit). Locate 4 screws securing coil delta plates to coil drain pan. Loosen the screws. Slide each coil blow off wing between the drain pan and the coil delta plate. Tighten screws to securely anchor coil blow off wings. Refer to Figure 6.
- Slide the coil back into the cabinet. Be sure to engage the side coil slide into the slide rail on the air handler cabinet.
- 10. Install coil access panel. Conversion is now complete.

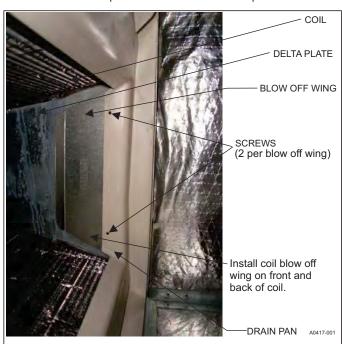


FIGURE 6: Coil Blow Off Wing Installation

SECTION IV: DUCT WORK AND CONNECTIONS

Air supply and return may be handled in one of several ways best suited to the installation. Upflow, horizontal or downflow applications may be used.

The vast majority of problems encountered with heating and cooling systems can be linked to improperly designed or installed duct systems. It is therefore highly important to the success of an installation that the duct system be properly designed and installed.

When installing a central air return grille in or near the living space, it is advisable to design the duct work so that the grille is not in direct line with the opening in the unit. One or two elbows and acoustical duct liner assures a quieter system. Operation where return air duct is short or where sound may be a problem, acoustical duct liner should be used inside the duct. Use flexible duct connectors to minimize the transmission of vibration/noise into the conditioned space.

A WARNING

Do not bring in return air from a location which could introduce hazardous substances into the airflow.

Use 1/2" screws to connect duct work to cabinet. If pilot holes are drilled, drill only through field duct and unit flange.

Insulation of duct work is a must where it runs through an unheated space during the heating season or through an uncooled space during the cooling season. The use of a vapor barrier is recommended to prevent absorption of moisture from the surrounding air into the insulation.

The supply air duct should be properly sized by use of a transition to match unit opening. All ducts should be suspended using flexible hangers and never fastened directly to the structure.

Duct work should be fabricated and installed in accordance with local and/or national codes. This includes the standards of the National Fire Protection Association for Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems, NFPA No. 90B. Duct systems should be designed in accordance with the Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA) – Manual D.

A CAUTION

This unit is not designed for non-ducted (freeblow) applications. Do not operate without duct work attached to unit. Equipment should never be operated without filters.

HORIZONTAL SUSPENSION

These air handlers may be suspended in horizontal applications. It is recommended to use angle steel support brackets with minimum 3/8" threaded rods, supporting the unit from the bottom. Attach the threaded rods at the locations shown in the Figure 7, leaving enough clearance between door and rod so that doors maybe easily removed for service.

A CAUTION

DO NOT lift air handler by the cabinet brace. The cabinet brace is held in place by the coil channel. The cabinet brace could become disengaged from the cabinet causing the air handler to fall, potentially causing injury or damaging property. See Figure 1 for location of cabinet braces.

NOTICE

When assembling the support structure, make sure to size to provide clearance for access door removal.

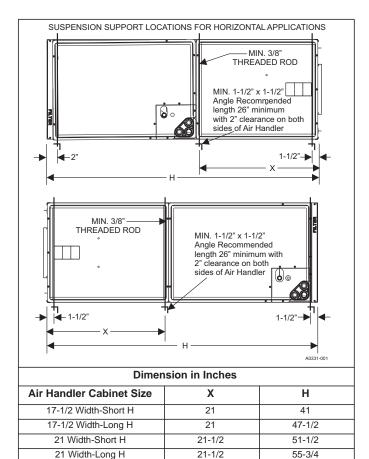


FIGURE 7: Horizontal Suspension

24-1/2 Width

DUCT FLANGES

Three duct flanges are provided to assist in positioning and attaching duct work to the air handler. These flanges are included in the unit parts bag. With the screws from the parts bag, install one of the duct flanges. Duct flanges have holes on both legs with one leg longer than the other. The longer leg can be used to mate against the air handler so that different thicknesses of duct board can be made flush with the outer surface of the air handler. Repeat the procedure for the other two flanges. Refer to Figure 8. If the flanges are not used, they may be discarded.

21-1/2

55-1/2

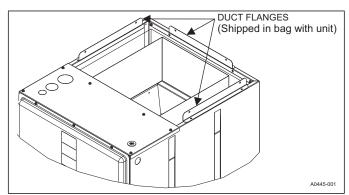


FIGURE 8: Duct Attachment

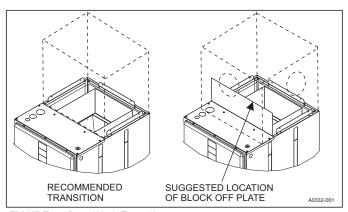


FIGURE 9: Duct Work Transition

UNIT CONNECTIONS

There are several ways to handle the supply and return air duct connections. The location and sizing of the connections depends on the situation and the method best suited to the installation. Upflow, horizontal or downflow applications may be used.

The supply air duct should be properly sized by use of a transition to match unit opening. Refer to Table 1 for air handler unit inlet and outlet dimensions.

A CAUTION

Use 1/2" screws to connect duct work to unit. Longer screws will pierce the drain pan and cause leakage. If pilot holes are drilled, drill only though field duct and unit bottom duct flange.

Duct work that is not designed to match the supply air opening can cause turbulence inside the plenum. This turbulence can change the air flow patterns across the electric heater limit switches. If the factory suggested transition cannot be fabricated, it is recommended that a block off plate (approximately 8" high and running the full width of the plenum) be attached to the supply opening. Refer to Figure 9 as a visual aid. The use of this block off plate will enable better air circulation across the limit switches.

AIR FILTERS

Return air filters are required and must be field supplied. Filtration can be accomplished external to the unit or the integral filter rack may be used. A 1" filter access rack has been built into the unit. Remove filter access cover shown. Install proper size filter. Standard 1" size permanent or throw away filter may be used, or, permanent washable filters are available using model numbers: 1PF0601, 602 or 603. See Table 3 for filter size.

A CAUTION

Equipment should never be operated without filters.

SECTION V: COIL METERING DEVICES

A piston or a TXV is to be installed in the field. There is an installation manual that comes with the TXV kit. It is recommended to install the piston or TXV kit prior to installation of coil and brazing of line set. Until brazing is completed and cooled, the TXV sensing bulb must not be installed.

The outdoor technical guide for outdoor units should be consulted for required piston or TXV on the indoor coil. The piston and the Schrader core are supplied with the outdoor unit. When the piston is used instead of the TXV, the Schrader core is installed in the suction line equalizer connection port and is capped with the supplied plastic cap. The Schrader core must not be installed if the TXV is installed, because the TXV equalizer line attaches to the equalizer connection port.

A CAUTION

COIL UNDER PRESSURE.

Verify that pressure has been released by depressing schrader valve core shown in Figure 1.

The coil requires a metering device to be added.

See outdoor unit documentation for correct TXV or piston to be used.

NOTICE

To prevent moisture and contaminates from entering the system, the coil should not be open to atmosphere for extended periods of time. If the coil cannot be brazed into the refrigeration system during a routine installation period, the ends should be temporarily closed or plugged. For a short term delay, use masking tape over the ends of the copper tubing to close the tube from the air. For a longer term delay, use plugs or caps. There is no need to purge the coil if this procedure is followed.

PISTON INSTALLATION

A WARNING

Failure to install Schrader Valve Core in the vapor line equalizer connection port for piston applications could result in total refrigerant loss of the system!

Install Schrader Valve Core and Piston as follows:

- After holding charge is completely discharged, remove black plastic cap from equalizer connection port on the vertical part of the vapor line.
- 2. Distributor position must be adjusted to allow the preformed liquid line assembly to properly line up with the hole in the tubing access panel. Raise the distributor body approximately 2" toward the top of the coil or what would be the top of the coil if coil was in the upflow position. See Figure 10. Adjust as necessary.
- Install Schrader valve core supplied with the outdoor unit into the equalizer fitting connection port using a valve core tool.
- Loosen and remove the liquid line connection nut and the sealing disc from the distributor assembly. Note that the fitting has <u>right</u> <u>hand threads</u>.
- 5. Slide the nut over the liquid line to be installed, and discard the
- Install required size piston into the distributor. Refer to supplied Tabular Data Sheet for specific piston size and indoor coil match up. See Figure 11.
- Verify that the Teflon washer is still in place in the distributor opening. See Figure 11.

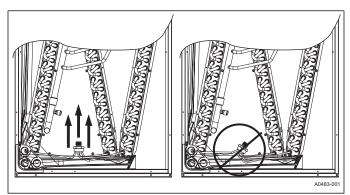


FIGURE 10: Recommended Distributor Adjustment

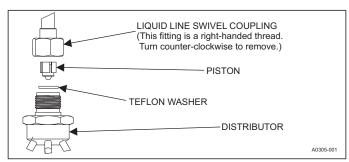


FIGURE 11: Piston Installation

A CAUTION

Do not over torque. Do not use slip joint pliers. This will distort the aluminum distributor and the brass fitting (potentially causing leaks).

- After piston is installed, install the liquid line to the top of the piston/distributor assembly. Hand tighten, and turn an additional 1/4 turn to seal. <u>Do not over tighten fittings.</u>
- Replace black plastic cap on unused equalizer fitting connection port.
- 10. After line set is installed, leak test the system.

THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVE (TXV) INSTALLATION

A CAUTION

Outdoor unit model numbers ending with an "H" have a factory installed hard start kit which is required when a TXV is installed. Outdoor unit model numbers with no "H" ending do not require a hard start kit unless local regulations dictate it.

The following are basic steps for installation. For detailed instructions, refer to the Installation Instructions accompanying the TXV kit. Install TXV kit as follows:

IMPORTANT

Refer to the Technical Guide for the unit to determine the proper TXV kit to be used on this product.

- Relieve the holding charge by depressing Schrader core on the suction manifold stub out.
- After holding charge is completely discharged, loosen and remove the Schrader core.
- Place a backup wrench on distributor, loosen and remove brass distributor nut. Retain brass nut for use on liquid line. Keep Teflon washer in place and discard clear disk.
- Install the thermal expansion valve to the distributor assembly with supplied fittings. Ensure Teflon washer is seated in distributor. Hand tighten and turn an additional 1/4 turn to seal. <u>Do not over-tighten fittings</u>. See Figure 12.

A CAUTION

Do not over-torque. Do not use slip joint pliers. This will distort the aluminum distributor and the brass fitting (potentially causing leaks).

5. Slide the nut removed in step 3 over the supplied liquid line. Place supplied Teflon washer from TXV kit in place on TXV, and install liquid line to the top of the thermal expansion valve. Adjust assembly so liquid line aligns with hole in access panel. See Figure 10. Hand tighten the liquid line, and apply an additional 1/4 turn to seal.

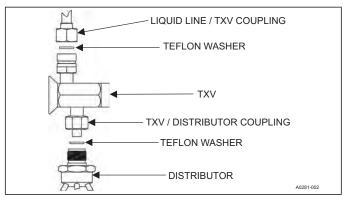


FIGURE 12: TXV Installation

A WARNING

Schrader valve core **MUST NOT** be installed with TXV installation. Poor system performance or system failure could result.

 Install the TXV equalizer line onto the vapor line by hand tightening the 1/4" SAE coupling nut to the equalizer fitting, and apply an additional 1/3 turn to seal. See Figure 13.

A CAUTION

In all cases, mount the TXV temperature sensing bulb after vapor line is brazed and sufficiently cooled.

Failure to use suction line split grommet may result in TXV failure.

- Pass the temperature sensing bulb tube for the TXV through the tube opening in the split grommet of the access panel.
- 8. Install the TXV bulb to the vapor line near the cabinet, using the bulb clamp(s) furnished with the TXV assembly. Ensure the bulb is making maximum contact. See Figures 13 & 14, and accomplish the following:
 - a. If possible, install the temperature bulb on a horizontal run of the vapor line. Ensure that the bulb is installed at a 10 o'clock or 2 o'clock position.
 - b. If bulb installation is made on a vertical run, locate the bulb at least 16" (40.6 cm) from any bend, and on the tubing sides opposite the plane of the bend. Position the bulb with the tail of the bulb at the top, so that the bulb acts as a reservoir. See Figure 15.
 - Insulate the bulb using thermal insulation provided to protect it from the effect of the surrounding ambient temperature. Cover completely to insulate.

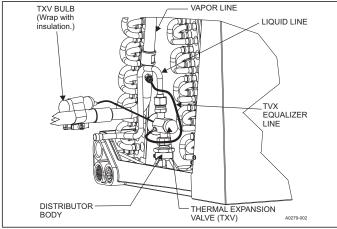


FIGURE 13: TXV Bulb and Equalizer line Installations

9. After line set is installed, leak test the system.

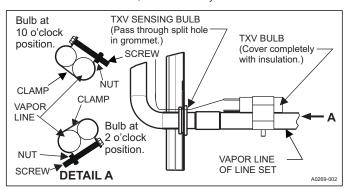


FIGURE 14: Proper Bulb Location

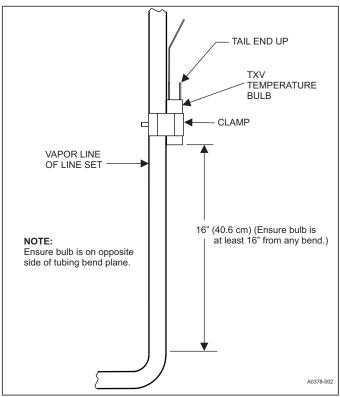


FIGURE 15: Vertical Temperature Bulb Orientation

SECTION VI: REFRIGERANT LINE CONNECTION

A CAUTION

Coil is under inert gas pressure. Relieve pressure from coil by depressing Schrader core at end of suction manifold stub out.

A CAUTION

Dry nitrogen should always be supplied through the tubing while it is being brazed, because the temperature required is high enough to cause oxidation of the copper unless an inert atmosphere is provided. The flow of dry nitrogen should continue until the joint has cooled. Always use a pressure regulator and safety valve to insure that only low pressure dry nitrogen is introduced into the tubing. Only a small flow is necessary to displace air and prevent oxidation.

NOTICE

Avoid handling aluminum coil components after handling the copper line set or other tubing without first cleaning hands.

Connect lines as follows:

NOTICE

Route the refrigerant lines to the coil in a manner that will not obstruct service access to the coil, air handling system, furnace flue or filter.

- Suction and liquid line connections are made outside the cabinet. Leave the tubing connection panel attached to the cabinet. Coil access panel should be removed for brazing. The lines are expanded to receive the field line set tubes for most outdoor unit matches.
- Remove grommets where tubes exit the cabinet to prevent burning them during brazing. In some units, the vapor line grommet may be shipped as a loose part with the unit. Refer to Figure 16.
- Cut the end of the suction tube using a tube cutter. Place the tube cutter as close as possible to the end of the tube to allow as much depth as possible for the connection and brazing of the suction line.
 To ensure suction line fits into connection, deburr the stub out (including inner pressure protrusion from cutting).
- If coil does <u>not</u> have a factory installed TXV, install the required size piston or TXV kit. See coil metering devices section for detailed instructions.
- 5. If the coil does have a factory installed TXV, remove the liquid line copper cap which is soft soldered onto the outside of the 3/8" stub protruding from front of the coil cabinet tubing panel as follows:
 - a. Screw a sheet metal screw into the center of the cap.
 - Apply a small amount of heat to the cap while pulling on the screw using slip joint pliers.
- Insert liquid and suction lines into the coil connections at the coil cabinet tubing panel.
- Wrap a water soaked rag around the coil connection tubes inside the cabinet to avoid transferring excess heat to the coil or TXV.
- 8. Purge refrigerant lines with dry nitrogen.

NOTICE

All indoor coil connections are copper-to-copper and should be brazed with a phosphorous-copper alloy material such as Silfos-5 or equivalent. DO NOT use soft solder.

- 9. Braze the suction and liquid lines, and allow the joints to cool.
- 10. Route the TXV sensing bulb through suction line opening.
- Secure sensing bulb and equalizer line capillary tubes with nylon cable ties to prevent leaks from tubes rubbing.
- If piston is used, install Schrader core into suction header, and reinstall cap.
- 13. Re-attach the grommets to the lines carefully to prevent air leakage. In some units, the vapor line grommet may be shipped as a loose part with the unit. Refer to Figure 16.
- 14. Attach the coil access panel to the cabinet.
- 15. Refer to Outdoor unit Installation Manual, and accomplish evacuation, leak check and charging instructions. Check all field brazed joints and metering device connections.
- Ensure lines are sound isolated by using appropriate hangers or strapping.

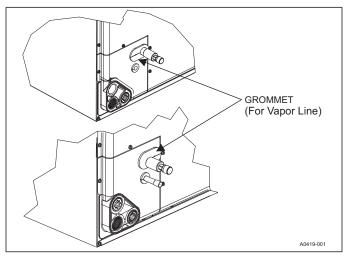


FIGURE 16: Vapor Line Grommet

SECTION VII: CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTIONS

All drain lines should be trapped a minimum of three inches, should be pitched away from unit drain pan and should be no smaller than the coil drain connection.

A CAUTION

DO NOT use TeflonTM tape, pipe thread compound, or other sealants. The use of a sealant may cause damage and premature failure of the drain pan.

Threaded drain connection should be hand-tightened, plus no more than 1 turn.

Avoid Double Trapping of a single drain line.

Route the drain line so that it does not interfere with accessibility to the coil, air handling system or filter and will not be exposed to freezing temperatures. See Figures 21 & 22 for drain connection locations.

A CAUTION

When the unit is installed in an attic or above a finished ceiling, an auxiliary drain pan should be provided under the coil as specified by most local building codes. When this exterior secondary drain pan is used that drain should be piped to a location that will give the occupant a visual warning that the primary drain is clogged.

If the coil is provided with a secondary drain it should be piped to a location that will give the occupant a visual warning that the primary drain is clogged. If a secondary drain is not used it must be plugged.

Instruct the owner that the evaporator coil drain pan should be inspected and cleaned regularly to prevent odors and assure proper drainage. If a secondary drain is not used it must be plugged. See Figures 21 & 22.

Coils should be installed level or pitched slightly toward the drain end. Suggested pitch should not exceed 1/4 inch per foot of coil.

The drain pan connections are designed to ASTM Standard D 2466 Schedule 40. Use 3/4" PVC or steel threaded pipe. Since the drains are not subject to any pressure it is not necessary to use Schedule 40 pipe for drain lines.

SECTION VIII: ELECTRIC HEATER INSTALLATION

If the air handler requires electric heat, install the electric heat kit according to the installation instructions included with the kit. After installing the kit, mark the air handler nameplate to designate the heater kit that was installed. If no heater is installed, mark the name plate appropriately to indicate that no heat kit is installed.

Use only 6HK Revision C or later heater kits, as listed on air handler name plate and in these instructions. Use data from Tables 5 - 9 for information on required minimum motor speed tap to be used for heating operation, maximum over-current protection device required as listed for combination of air handler and heater kit.

For Upflow, Downflow and Horizontal left-hand applications, the kits can be installed without modification.

Field modification is required for Horizontal right-hand airflow application only. Follow instructions with heater for modification.

NOTICE

In some horizontal applications, the service disconnects on the electric heat kits must be rotated 180° so the up position of the disconnect is the ON position. This service disconnect orientation change is required by UL1995, Article 26.19 (in reference to all circuit breakers).

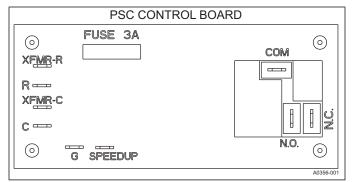


FIGURE 17: Blower Delay Control Board

SECTION IX: LINE POWER CONNECTIONS

Power may be brought into the unit through the supply air end of the unit (top left when unit is vertical) or the left side panel. Use the hole appropriate to the unit's orientation in each installation to bring conduit from the disconnect. The power lead conduit should be terminated at the electrical control box. Refer to Tables 7 - 10 to determine proper wire sizing. Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian electrical Code and local codes to determine correct wire sizing. To minimize air leakage, seal the wiring entry point at the outside of the unit.

All electrical connections to air handlers must be made with copper conductors. **Direct connection of aluminum wiring to air handlers is not approved.**

If aluminum conductors are present, all applicable local and national codes must be followed when converting from aluminum to copper conductors prior to connection to the air handler.

The chosen conductor and connections all must meet or exceed the amperage rating of the overcurrent protector (service disconnect or fuse) in the circuit.

Existing aluminum wire within the structure must be sized correctly for the application according to National Electric Code and local codes. Caution must be used when sizing aluminum rather than copper conductors, as aluminum conductors are rated for less current than copper conductors of the same size.

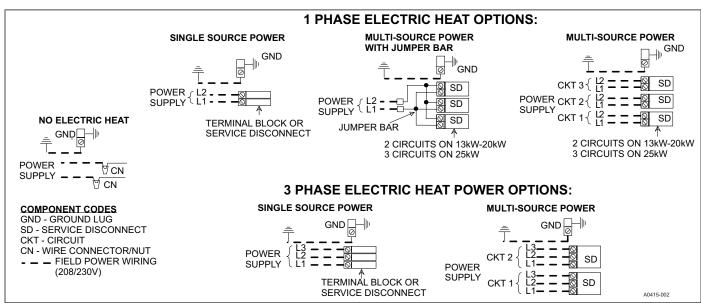


FIGURE 18: Line Power Connections

SECTION X: LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL CONNECTIONS

The 24 volt power supply is provided by an internally wired low voltage transformer which is standard on all models. if the unit is connected to a 208 volt power supply, the low voltage transformer must be rewired to the 208 volt tap. See the unit wiring diagram.

Field supplied low voltage wiring can exit the unit through the top right (when unit is vertical upflow) or the right side panel. Refer to Figure 3.

Remove desired knockout and pierce foil faced insulation to allow wiring to pass through. Use as small of a hole as possible to minimize air leakage. Install a 7/8" plastic bushing in the selected hole and keep low voltage wiring as short as possible inside the control box.

To further minimize air leakage, seal the wiring entry point at the outside of the unit.

The field wiring is to be connected at the pigtails supplied with the control board harness. Refer to Figures 24 & 26 for system wiring.

NOTICE

All wiring must comply with local and national electrical code requirements. Read and heed all unit caution labels.

SECTION XI: BLOWER SPEED CONNECTIONS

Adjust blower motor speed to provide airflow within the minimum and maximum limits approved for indoor coil, electric heat and outdoor unit. Speed tap adjustments are made at the motor terminal block. Airflow data is shown in Table 12.

Connect motor wires to motor speed tap receptacle for speed desired. See unit wiring label for motor wiring details.

Blower Speed Connections

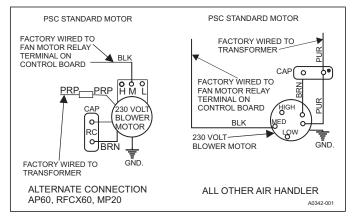


FIGURE 19: Blower Speed Connections

SECTION XII: UNIT DATA

TABLE 3: Physical and Electrical Data - Cooling Only

Models		18B	24B	30B	36B	36C	37C
Blower - Diam	eter x Width	10 x 8	10 x 8	10 x 8	10 x 8	10 x 10	10 x 10
	HP	1/8 HP	1/4 HP	1/3 HP	1/2 HP	1/2 HP	1/2 HP
Motor	Nominal RPM	867	850	950	1085	1050	1050
Voltage	·	208/230	208/230	208/230	208/230	208/230	208/230
Full Load Amp	os @230V	1.0	1.4	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.2
	Туре			DISPOSABLE C	R PERMANENT		
Filter ¹	Size	16 x 20 x 1	16 x 20 x 1	16 x 20 x 1	16 x 20 x 1	20 x 20 x 1	20 x 20 x 1
	Permanent Type Kit	1PF0601	1PF0601	1PF0601	1PF0601	1PF0602	1PF0602
Shipping/Oper	rating Weight (lbs.)	91/85	93/87	119/113	119/113	120/114	158/150
Models		42C	48C	48D	60C	60D	
Blower - Diam	eter x Width	10 x 10	10 x 10	10 x 10	10 x 10	10 x 10]
	HP	1/2 HP	1/2 HP	1/2 HP	1 HP	1 HP]
Motor	Nominal RPM	1085	1040	1040	1007	1007]
Voltage		208/230	208/230	208/230	208/230	208/230	1
Full Load Amp	os @230V	2.8	2.9	2.9	4.1	4.4]
	Туре		DISPOSABLE OR PERMANENT				
Filter ¹	Size	20 x 20 x 1	20 x 20 x 1	22 x 20 x 1	20 x 20 x 1	22 x 20 x 1	1
	Permanent Type Kit	1PF0602	1PF0602	1PF0603	1PF0602	1PF0603	1
Shinning/Oner	rating Weight (lbs.)	144/136	158/150	163/153	156/146	180/170	1

Field supplied.

TABLE 4: Electrical Data - Cooling Only

Models	Motor FLA ¹	Minimum Circuit Ampacity	MOP ²
18B	1.1	1.4	15
24B	1.4	1.8	15
30B	2.3	2.9	15
36B	2.6	3.3	15
36C/37C	2.2	2.8	15
42C	2.8	3.5	15
48C/48D	2.9	3.6	15
60C	4.1	5.1	15
60D	4.4	5.5	15

^{1.} FLA = Full Load Amps.

TABLE 5: Electrical Heat: - Minimum Fan Speed

Heater Kit	Nom.		Air Handler Models									
Models ^{1,2,3}	kW@240V	18B	24B	30B	36B	36C	37C	42C	48C	48D	60C	60D
6HK(0,1)6500206	2.4kW	Med	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
6HK(0,1)6500506	4.8kW	Med	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
6HK(0,1)6500806	7.7kW	High	High	Med	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
6HK(0,1)6501006 6HK36501025	9.6kW	High	High	Med	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
6HK(1,2)6501306	12.5kW	_	High	Med	Low	Med	Med	Low	Low	Low	Low	Med
6HK(1,2)6501506 6HK36501525	14.4kW	_	-	Med	Low	Med	Med	Med	Low	Low	Low	Med
6HK(1,2)6501806 6HK36501825	17.3kW	_	-	-	Low	Med	Med	Med	Low	Low	Low	High
6HK(1,2)6502006 6HK46502025	19.2kW	_	-	-	Low	High	High	Med	Med	Med	High	High
6HK(1,2)6502506 6HK46502525	24kW	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	Med	-	High

^{1.} (0,1) - 0 = no service disconnect OR 1 = with service disconnect.

TABLE 6: KW & MBH Conversions - For Total Power Input Requirement

For a power distribution voltage that is different than the provided nominal voltage, multiply the kW and MBH data from the table by the conversion factor in the following table.

DISTRIBUTION POWER	NOMINAL VOLTAGE	CONVERSION FACTOR
208V	240V	0.75
220V	240V	0.84
230V	240V	0.92

^{2.} MOP = Maximum Overcurrent Protection device; must be HACR type service disconnect or time delay fuse. Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian electrical Code and local codes to determine correct wire sizing.

^{2. (1,2) - 1 =} with service disconnect, no breaker jumper bar OR 2 = with service disconnect & breaker jumper bar.

^{3. 6}HK3 = 3-Phase with terminal block connectors only, 6HK4 = 3-Phase with service disconnect.

TABLE 7: Electric Heat Performance Data: 208/230-1-60 & 208/230-3-60

	Heater	NI ! I I I I I I		Total	Heat ⁴		kW Staging				
	Models ^{1,2,3}	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		W	M	ВН	W1	Only	W1 + W2		
	Models	0_101	208V	230V	208V	230V	208V	230V	208V	230V	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	2.4	1.8	2.2	6.2	7.5	1.8	2.2	1.8	2.2	
	6HK(0,1)6500506	4.8	3.6	4.4	12.3	15	3.6	4.4	3.6	4.4	
	6HK(0,1)6500806	7.7	5.8	7.1	19.7	24.1	5.8	7.1	5.8	7.1	
	6HK(0,1)6501006	9.6	7.2	8.8	24.6	30.1	7.2	8.8	7.2	8.8	
1PH	6HK(1,2)6501306	12.5	9.4	11.5	32	39.2	3.1	3.8	9.4	11.5	
	6HK(1,2)6501506	14.4	10.8	13.2	36.9	45.1	3.6	4.4	10.8	13.2	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	17.3	13	15.9	44.3	54.2	6.5	7.9	13	15.9	
	6HK(1,2)6502006	19.2	14.4	17.6	49.2	60.2	7.2	8.8	14.4	17.6	
	6HK(1,2)6502506	24	18	22	61.5	75.2	7.2	8.8	18	22	
	6HK36501025	9.6	7.2	8.8	24.6	30.1	7.2	8.8	7.2	8.8	
	6HK36501525	14.4	10.8	13.2	36.9	45.1	10.8	13.2	10.8	13.2	
3PH	6HK36501825	17.3	13	15.9	44.3	54.2	13	15.9	13	15.9	
	6HK46502025	19.2	14.4	17.6	49.2	60.2	7.2	8.8	14.4	17.6	
	6HK46502525	24	18	22	61.5	75.2	9	11	18	22	

^{1.} (0,1) - 0 = no service disconnect OR 1 = with service disconnect.

TABLE 8: Electrical Data For Single Source Power Supply: 208/230-1-60

		Heater		Field	Wiring	ng				
Air Handler Models	Heater Models ^{1,2}	Amps	Min. Circu	it Ampacity	МС	P. ³				
	Models.,-	@240V	208V	230V	208V	230V				
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	12.2	13.3	15	15				
18B	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	23.0	25.3	25	30				
IOD	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	36.2	40.0	40	40				
	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	44.6	49.2	45	50				
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	12.6	13.7	15	15				
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	23.4	25.7	25	30				
24B	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	36.6	40.3	40	45				
	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	45.0	49.6	45	50				
	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	58.2	64.3	60	70				
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	13.7	14.8	15	15				
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	24.5	26.8	25	30				
200	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	37.7	41.5	40	45				
30B	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.1	50.7	50	60				
	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	59.4	65.4	60	70				
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	67.8	74.6	70	80				
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	14.1	15.2	15	20				
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	24.9	27.2	25	30				
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	38.1	41.8	40	45				
36B	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.5	51.1	50	60				
300	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	59.7	65.8	60	70				
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	68.2	75.0	70	80				
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	81.4	89.7	90	90				
	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	89.8	98.9	90	100				
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	13.6	14.7	15	15				
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	24.4	26.7	25	30				
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	37.6	41.3	40	45				
260	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.0	50.6	50	60				
36C	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	59.2	65.3	60	70				
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	67.7	74.5	70	80				
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	80.9	89.2	90	90				
	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	89.3	98.4	90	100				

Continued on next page.

^{2.} (1,2) - 1 = with service disconnect, no breaker jumper bar OR 2 = with service disconnect & breaker jumper bar.

^{3. 6}HK3 = 3-Phase with terminal block connectors only, 6HK4 = 3-Phase with service disconnect.

^{4.} For different power distributions, see conversion table on Page 13.

TABLE 8: Electrical Data For Single Source Power Supply: 208/230-1-60 (Continued)

	Heaten	Heater	Field Wiring				
Air Handler Models	Heater Models ^{1,2}	Amps	Min. Circu	uit Ampacity	МС	P. ³	
	Models	@240V	208V	230V	208V	230V	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	13.6	14.7	15	15	
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	24.4	26.7	25	30	
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	37.6	41.3	40	45	
37C	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.0	50.6	50	60	
3/6	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	59.2	65.3	60	70	
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	67.7	74.5	70	80	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	80.9	89.2	90	90	
	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	89.3	98.4	90	100	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	14.3	15.5	15	20	
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	25.1	27.4	30	30	
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	38.4	42.1	40	45	
400	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.8	51.3	50	60	
42C	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	60.0	66.0	60	70	
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	68.4	75.2	70	80	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	81.6	89.9	90	90	
	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	90.0	99.2	90	100	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	14.4	15.6	15	20	
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	25.3	27.5	30	30	
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	38.5	42.2	40	45	
	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.9	51.5	50	60	
48C	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	60.1	66.1	70	70	
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	68.5	75.4	70	80	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	81.8	90.0	90	90	
	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	90.2	99.3	90	100	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	14.4	15.6	15	20	
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	25.3	27.5	30	30	
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	38.5	42.2	40	45	
	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	46.9	51.5	50	60	
48D	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	60.1	66.1	70	70	
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	68.5	75.4	70	80	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	81.8	90.0	90	90	
	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	90.2	99.3	100	100	
	6HK(1,2)6502506	100	111.8	123.2	125	125	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	15.9	17.1	20	20	
	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	26.8	29.0	30	30	
	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	40.0	43.7	40	45	
	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	48.4	53.0	50	60	
60C	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	61.6	67.6	70	70	
	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	70.0	76.9	70	80	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	83.3	91.5	90	100	
-	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	91.7	100.8	100	110	
	6HK(0,1)6500206	10	16.3	17.5	20	20	
}	6HK(0,1)6500506	20	27.1	29.4	30	30	
}	6HK(0,1)6500806	32	40.4	44.1	45	45	
}	6HK(0,1)6501006	40	48.8	53.3	50	60	
60D	6HK(1,2)6501306	52	62.0	68.0	70	70	
-	6HK(1,2)6501506	60	70.4	77.2	80	80	
	6HK(1,2)6501806	72	83.6	91.9	90	100	
}	6HK(1,2)6502006	80	92.0	101.2	100	110	
	01113(1.270002000	, OU I	UZ.U				

^{1. (0,1) -} maybe 0 (no service disconnect) or 1 (with service disconnect).

^{2. (1,2)} maybe 1 (with service disconnect, no breaker jumper bar) or 2 (with service disconnect & breaker jumper bar).

^{3.} MOP = Maximum Overcurrent Protection device; must be HACR type service disconnect or time delay fuse. Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian electrical Code and local codes to determine correct wire sizing.

TABLE 9: Electrical Data For Multi-source Power Supply: 208/230-1-60

		Total		Mir	n. Circui	it Ampa	city				МС)P ¹		
Air Handlers	Heater	Heater		208V			230V			208V			230V	
Models	Models	Amp@			Cir	cuit					Cir	cuit		
		240V	1st ³	2nd	3rd	1st ³	2nd	3rd	1st ³	2nd	3rd	1st ³	2nd	3rd
24B	6HK16501306	52	20.5	37.6	 	22.5	41.5	_	25	40	_	25	45	_
30B	6HK16501306	52	21.7	37.6	_	23.6	41.5	-	25	40	_	25	45	-
30B	6HK16501506	60	24.5	43.3	_	26.8	47.9	-	25	45	_	30	50	-
	6HK16501306	52	22.0	37.6	_	24.0	41.5	-	25	40	_	25	45	-
36B	6HK16501506	60	24.9	43.3	_	27.2	47.9	-	25	45	_	30	50	_
30D	6HK16501806	72	42.3	39.0	_	46.4	43.1	-	45	40	_	50	45	_
	6HK16502006	80	46.6	43.3	-	51.2	47.9	_	50	45	_	60	50	-
	6HK16501306	52	21.5	37.6	_	23.5	41.5	-	25	40	_	25	45	-
36C	6HK16501506	60	24.4	43.3	-	26.7	47.9	_	25	45	_	30	50	_
300	6HK16501806	72	41.8	39.0	-	45.9	43.1	_	45	40	_	50	45	-
	6HK16502006	80	46.1	43.3	-	50.7	47.9	-	50	45	_	60	50	-
	6HK16501306	52	21.5	37.6	-	23.5	41.5	_	25	40	_	25	45	_
270	6HK16501506	60	24.4	43.3	-	26.7	47.9	_	25	45	_	30	50	_
37C	6HK16501806	72	41.8	39.0	-	45.9	43.1	-	45	40	_	50	45	-
	6HK16502006	80	46.1	43.3	-	50.7	47.9	_	50	45	_	60	50	_
	6HK16501306	52	22.3	37.6	-	24.3	41.5	_	25	40	_	25	45	_
400	6HK16501506	60	25.2	43.3	-	27.5	47.9	-	30	45	_	30	50	-
42C	6HK16501806	72	34.7	39.0	_	46.6	43.1	_	40	40	_	50	45	_
	6HK16502006	80	38.2	43.3	-	51.4	47.9	_	40	45	_	60	50	_
	6HK16501306	52	22.4	37.6	-	24.4	41.5	_	25	40	_	25	45	_
400	6HK16501506	60	25.3	43.3	_	27.6	47.9	_	30	45	_	30	50	_
48C	6HK16501806	72	42.6	39.0	-	46.8	43.1	_	45	40	_	50	45	_
	6HK16502006	80	47.0	43.3	_	51.5	47.9	_	50	45	_	60	50	_
	6HK16501306	52	22.4	37.6	_	24.4	41.5	_	25	40	_	25	45	_
	6HK16501506	60	25.3	43.3	_	27.6	47.9	_	30	45	_	30	50	_
48D	6HK16501806	72	42.6	39.0	<u> </u>	46.8	43.1	_	45	40	_	50	45	_
	6HK16502006	80	47.0	43.3	_	51.5	47.9	_	50	45	_	60	50	_
	6HK16502506	100	47.0	43.3	21.7	51.5	59.9	24.0	50	45	25	60	60	25
	6HK16501306	52	23.9	37.6	<u> </u>	25.9	41.5	_	25	40	_	30	45	_
000	6HK16501506	60	26.8	43.3	_	29.1	47.9	_	30	45	_	30	50	_
60C	6HK16501806	72	44.1	39.0	_	48.3	43.1	-	45	40	_	50	45	_
	6HK16502006	80	48.5	43.3	-	53.0	47.9	_	50	45	_	60	50	_
	6HK16501306	52	24.3	37.6	_	26.3	41.5	-	25	40	-	30	45	_
	6HK16501506	60	27.2	43.3	-	29.5	47.9	-	30	45	_	30	50	_
60D	6HK16501806	72	44.5	39.0	-	48.6	43.1	-	45	40	_	50	45	_
	6HK16502006	80	48.8	43.3	-	53.4	47.9	_	50	45	_	60	50	_
	6HK16502506	100	48.8	43.3	21.7	53.4	59.9	24.0	50	45	25	60	60	25

^{1.} MOP = Maximum Overcurrent Protection device; must be HACR type circuit breaker or time delay fuse. The 1st circuit includes blower motor amps. Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian electrical Code and local codes to determine correct wire sizing.

TABLE 10: Electrical Data For Single Source Power Supply: 208/230-3-60

Ain Handlan	Heater	Heater	Field Wiring					
Air Handler Models	Models ¹	Amps	Min. Circu	uit Ampacity	MOP. ²			
Wiodels	Wiodels	@240V	208V	230V	208V	230V		
18B	6HK36501025	23.1	26.4	29.4	30	30		
24B	6HK36501025	23.1	26.8	29.4	30	30		
30B	6HK36501025	23.1	27.9	30.5	30	35		
306	6HK36501525	34.6	40.4	44.3	45	45		
	6HK36501025	23.1	28.3	30.9	30	35		
36B	6HK36501525	34.6	40.8	44.7	45	45		
300	6HK36501825	41.6	48.4	53.2	50	55		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	53.3	58.5	55	60		
	6HK36501025	23.1	27.8	30.4	30	35		
	6HK36501525	34.6	40.3	44.2	45	45		
36C	6HK36501825	41.6	47.9	52.7	50	55		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	52.8	58.0	55	60		
	6HK36501025	23.1	27.8	30.4	30	35		
.70	6HK36501525	34.6	40.3	44.2	45	45		
37C	6HK36501825	41.6	47.9	52.7	50	55		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	52.8	58.0	55	60		
	6HK36501025	23.1	28.5	31.1	30	35		
400	6HK36501525	34.6	41.0	45.0	45	45		
42C	6HK36501825	41.6	48.7	53.4	50	55		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	53.5	58.8	55	60		
	6HK36501025	23.1	28.6	31.3	30	35		
400	6HK36501525	34.6	41.1	45.1	45	50		
48C	6HK36501825	41.6	48.8	53.6	50	55		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	53.6	58.9	55	60		
	6HK36501025	23.1	28.6	31.3	30	35		
	6HK36501525	34.6	41.1	45.1	45	50		
48D	6HK36501825	41.6	48.8	53.6	50	55		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	53.6	58.9	55	60		
	6HK46502525 ³	57.7	66.2	72.7	70	80		
	6HK36501025	23.1	30.1	32.8	35	35		
_	6HK36501525	34.6	42.6	46.6	45	50		
60C	6HK36501825	41.6	50.3	55.1	55	60		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	55.1	60.4	60	70		
	6HK36501025	23.1	30.1	32.8	35	35		
	6HK36501525	34.6	42.6	46.6	45	50		
60D	6HK36501825	41.6	50.3	55.1	55	60		
	6HK46502025 ³	46.2	55.1	60.4	60	70		
-	6HK46502525 ³	57.7	67.7	74.2	70	80		

^{1.} Asterisk (*) denotes the 20kW and 25kW heater models (6HK46502025 and 6HK46502525) come with service disconnects standard. Single source power MCA and MOP requirements are given here only for reference if used with field installed single point power modification (S1-32436041000).

^{2.} MOP = Maximum Overcurrent Protection device; must be HACR type circuit breaker or time delay fuse. The 1st circuit includes blower motor amps. Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian electrical Code and local codes to determine correct wire sizing.

^{3.} The 20kW and 25kW heater models (6HK46502025 and 6HK46502525) come with circuit breakers standard. Single source power MCA and MOP requirements are given here only for reference if used with field installed single point power modification.

TABLE 11: Electrical Data For Multi-source Power Supply: 208/230-3-60

			ı	/lin. Circui	it Ampacit	у	MOP ²			
Air Handlers	Heater	Total Heater	20	8V	23	0V	208V		230V	
Models	Models ¹	Amp@ 240V		Cir	cuit			Cir	cuit	
			1st ²	2nd	1st ²	2nd	1st ²	2nd	1st ²	2nd
36B	6HK46502025	46.2	28.3	25.0	30.9	27.6	30	25	35	30
36C	6HK46502025	46.2	27.8	25.0	30.4	27.6	30	25	35	30
37C	6HK46502025	46.2	34.0	31.3	37.3	34.6	30	25	35	30
42C	6HK46502025	46.2	28.5	25.0	31.1	27.6	30	25	35	30
48C	6HK46502025	46.2	28.6	25.0	31.3	27.6	30	25	35	30
48D	6HK46502025	46.2	28.6	25.0	31.3	27.6	30	25	35	30
40D	6HK46502525	57.7	34.9	31.3	38.2	34.6	35	35	40	35
60C	6HK46502025	46.2	30.1	25.0	32.8	27.6	35	25	35	30
60D	6HK46502025	46.2	30.5	25.0	33.1	27.6	35	25	35	30
00D	6HK46502525	57.7	36.8	31.3	40.1	34.6	40	35	45	35

^{1.} The 20kW and 25kW heater models (6HK46502025 and 6HK46502525) come with service disconnects standard.

TABLE 12: Air Flow Data (CFM)¹

Models	Blower	External Static Pressure (in. wc.)								
woders	Motor Speed	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70		
		•	208 Volt			•				
	High	723	702	666	576	523	373	317		
18B	Medium	566	543	480	382	305	183	N/A		
	Low	394	330	183	144	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	High	990	973	953	924	885	797	713		
24B	Medium	736	723	703	644	606	540	457		
	Low	579	562	513	463	395	287	202		
	High	1228	1192	1134	1078	1023	951	843		
30B	Medium	1023	998	958	915	859	741	677		
	Low	769	745	701	632	577	495	433		
	High	1522	1475	1416	1349	1276	1188	1108		
36B	Medium	1251	1217	1180	1135	1085	1042	968		
	Low	965	951	936	914	886	836	742		
	High	1539	1489	1450	1400	1283	1201	1110		
36C	Medium	1159	1147	1096	1042	994	943	877		
	Low	966	933	892	859	812	769	679		
	High	1508	1471	1436	1382	1217	1054	103		
37C	Medium	1151	1138	1117	1053	923	837	758		
	Low	959	939	904	829	745	698	616		
	High	1827	1769	1707	1634	1545	1315	1236		
42C	Medium	1444	1423	1392	1348	1204	1118	1050		
	Low	1136	1140	1116	1041	982	893	842		
	High	1686	1643	1583	1507	1441	1357	1062		
48C	Medium	1482	1439	1392	1340	1280	1090	971		
	Low	1252	1222	1186	1148	987	928	810		
	High	1988	1931	1853	1775	1695	1606	139		
48D	Medium	1672	1636	1587	1522	1439	1302	1139		
	Low	1376	1348	1309	1249	1138	1038	973		
	High	1851	1813	1757	1680	1601	1513	1262		
60C	Medium	1718	1687	1631	1562	1499	1417	118		
	Low	1560	1546	1505	1441	1383	1258	1144		
	High	1971	1919	1844	1757	1664	1563	1190		
60D	Medium	1812	1763	1698	1639	1561	1451	1142		
	Low	1403	1394	1364	1327	1153	1079	968		

Continued on next page.

^{2.} MOP = Maximum Overcurrent Protection device; must be HACR type circuit breaker or time delay fuse. The 1st circuit includes blower motor amps. Refer to the latest edition of the National Electric Code or in Canada the Canadian electrical Code and local codes to determine correct wire sizing.

TABLE 12: Air Flow Data (CFM)¹ (Continued)

Models	Blower	External Static Pressure (in. wc.)									
woders	Motor Speed	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.70			
		1	230 Volt		'			•			
	High	806	780	745	687	623	508	380			
18B	Medium	640	614	563	500	405	284	216			
	Low	461	414	325	188	156	N/A	N/A			
	High	1142	1114	1078	1051	988	931	778			
24B	Medium	854	840	826	800	738	688	605			
	Low	684	663	633	578	510	445	322			
	High	1261	1231	1174	1116	1051	977	891			
30B	Medium	1117	1091	1048	984	934	863	699			
	Low	864	846	795	754	663	575	488			
	High	1601	1552	1485	1414	1337	1258	117			
36B	Medium	1385	1352	1302	1252	1193	1106	105			
	Low	1117	1103	1079	1044	1001	945	889			
	High	1671	1636	1581	1513	1439	1330	121			
36C	Medium	1326	1310	1280	1238	1162	1081	994			
	Low	1125	1102	1059	1014	950	894	827			
	High	1681	1630	1572	1493	1427	1175	103			
37C	Medium	1308	1284	1250	1213	1022	951	859			
	Low	1109	1096	1063	964	856	807	723			
	High	1924	1861	1778	1707	1618	1442	127			
42C	Medium	1629	1585	1541	1470	1403	1226	107			
	Low	1323	1295	1271	1232	1111	1045	954			
	High	1775	1727	1668	1596	1513	1431	119			
48C	Medium	1591	1551	1500	1447	1380	1312	105			
	Low	1392	1363	1317	1267	1206	1025	924			
	High	2150	2069	1988	1894	1812	1690	148			
48D	Medium	1878	1812	1752	1677	1604	1497	125			
	Low	1583	1543	1493	1437	1332	1164	107			
	High	1931	1889	1808	1739	1655	1566	147			
60C	Medium	1845	1798	1731	1659	1581	1498	124			
	Low	1726	1692	1640	1578	1503	1416	117			
	High	2060	2006	1922	1829	1717	1613	122			
60D	Medium	1949	1900	1817	1735	1640	1547	117			
	Low	1600	1563	1527	1476	1400	1132	102			

Air handler units have been tested to UL 1995 / CSA 22.2 No. 236 standards up to 0.50" wc. external static pressure.
 Dry coil conditions only, tested without filters.

SECTION XIII: MAINTENANCE

Filters must be cleaned or replaced when they become dirty. Inspect at least once per month. The frequency of cleaning depends upon the hours of operation and the local atmospheric conditions. Clean filters keep unit efficiency high.

COIL CLEANING

A CAUTION

Ensure adequate precautions are taken to protect electrical components from liquid.

If the coil needs to be cleaned, it should be cleaned with water.

As an alternative to water, EVAP-Green by Nu-Calgon is the only pH neutral coil cleaner approved to be used when it is properly diluted. ENSURE THE CLEANED COILS ARE THOROUGHLY RINSED AFTER USE OF EVAP-GREEN.

LUBRICATION

The bearings of the blower motor are permanently lubricated.

CONDENSATE DRAINS

During the cooling season check the condensate drain lines to be sure that condensate is flowing from the primary drain but not from the secondary drain. If condensate ever flows from the secondary drain the unit should be promptly shut off and the condensate pan and drains cleaned to insure a free flowing primary drain.

SECTION XIV: AIR SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

To check the Cubic Feet per Minute (CFM), measure the external duct static using a manometer and static pressure tips. To prepare coil for static pressure measurements run the fan only to assure a dry coil.

NOTICE

Refer to Table 12 for coil Air Flow Data of Cubic Feet Per Minute (CFM).

Drill 2 holes, one 12" away from the air handler in the supply air duct and on 12" away from the air handler in the return air duct (before any elbows in the duct work). Insert the pressure tips, and energize the blower motor. See Table 12 to determine the air flow, and make the necessary adjustments to keep the CFM within the airflow limitations of the coil.

For optimal performance, external static pressures of 0.2" to 0.5" are recommended. Heating applications tested at 0.50" w.c. esp.

EXTERNAL DUCT STATIC

Measure the supply air static pressure. Record this positive number. Measure the return air static pressure. Record this negative number. Treat the negative number as a positive, and add the two numbers together to determine the total external system static pressure. If a filter rack is installed on the return air end of the air handler or indoor coil section, make sure to measure the return air duct static between the filter and the indoor coil.

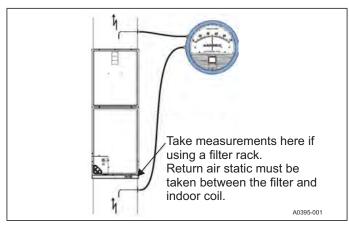
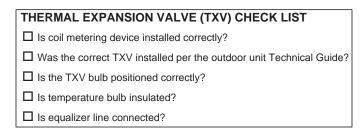


FIGURE 20: Duct Static Measurements

SECTION XV: INSTALLATION VERIFICATION

Prior to and during the accomplishment of the installation procedures, verify all tasks are accomplished as indicated in these instructions.



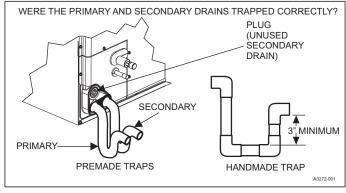


FIGURE 21: Drain Traps

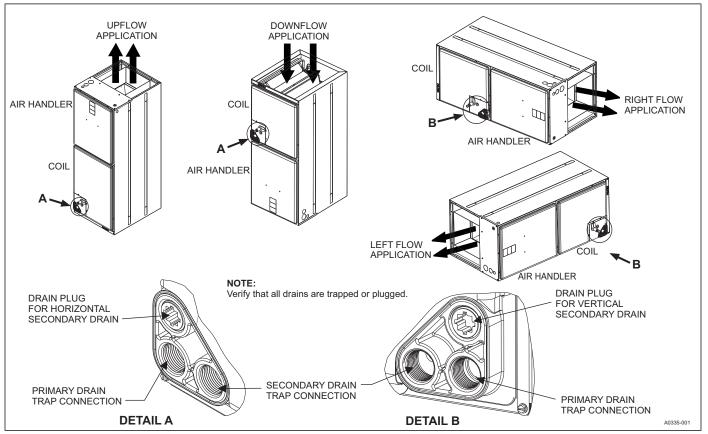


FIGURE 22: Location of Coil Trapped and Plugged Drain Connections

SECTION XVI: WIRING DIAGRAM

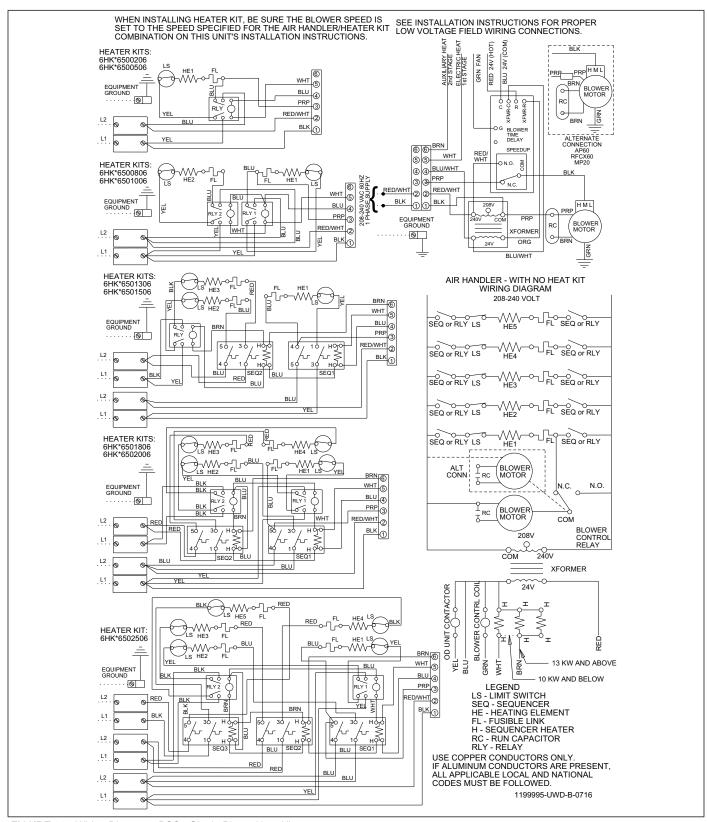


FIGURE 23: Wiring Diagram - PSC - Single Phase Heat Kits

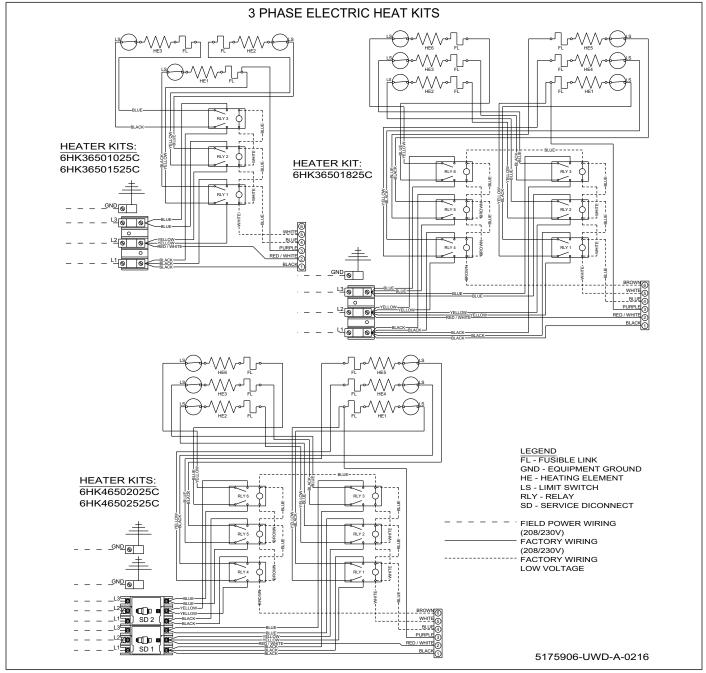


FIGURE 24: Wiring Diagram - Three Phase Heat Kits 208-230V

SECTION XVII: TYPICAL THERMOSTAT CONNECTIONS

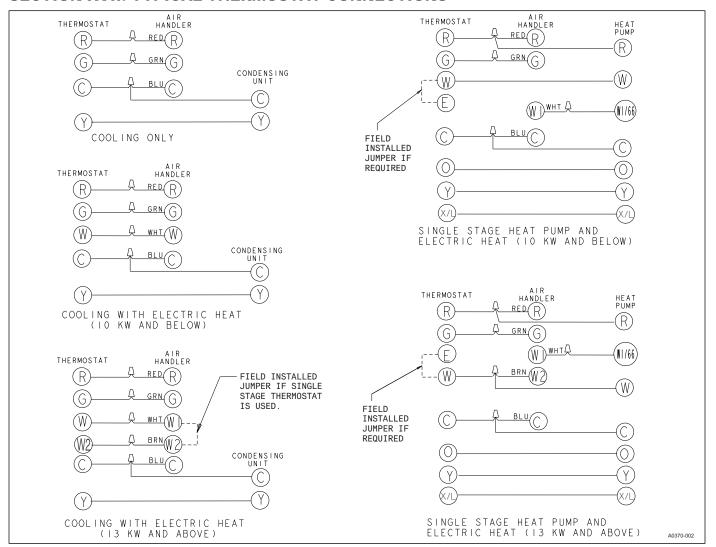


FIGURE 25: Typical Wiring Diagram

NOTES

SECTION XVIII: START UP SHEET

Print Form			Residential A Electric Heat	ir Handler Start-Up Sheet		Reset Form
	Proper sta	rt-up is critic	cal to customer	comfort and equip	ment longevity	
Start-Up Date	Company N	ame		Start-Up	Technician	
Owner Information						
Name	A	ddress			Daytime Phone	
City		State or P	rovince		Zip or Postal Code	
Equipment Data						
Unit Model #		Un	it Serial #			
General Informatio	n (Check all the	nat apply)				
New Construction		○ Up	flow	C	Horizontal Left	
○ Retrofit		○ Do	wn flow	C	Horizontal Right	
Unit Location and	Connection	S (Check a	ll that apply)			
Unit is level	☐ Du	ict connectio	ons are complete	e: Supply	Return	
Condensate drain pro	perly connecte	d per the ins	tallation instruc	tions Cond	ensate trap has been	primed with water
Filters						
Filters installed Nur	mber of filters $\left[ight.$	Filt	er size			
Electrical Connect	ions & Insp	ection (Co	omplete all that	apply)		
208 volts AC	230 volt AC					
Inspect wires and elec	trical connection	ons 🗌 Tı	ransformer wire	d properly for primar	y supply voltage	Ground connected
Line Voltage Measured ((Volts AC)	Lo	ow voltage value	e between "R" and "C	" at control board (Vo	olts AC)
Thermostat wiring	is complete 🛭	Thermost	at cycle rate or h	neat anticipator adjus	ted to Installation Ma	anual specifications
Air Flow Setup						
		COOL	\bigcirc A	\bigcirc B	○ C	\bigcirc D
Dlawer Type	○ ECM	ADJUST	ΟA	ОВ	○ c	○ D
Blower Type &	CECWI	DELAY	ΟA	ОВ	○ c	○ D
Set-Up		HEAT	ΟA	ОВ	○ c	\bigcirc D
-	○ X-13	<u> </u>	<u>2</u>	○ 3	O 4	<u> </u>
	○ PSC	CLow	○ Medium L	.ow	○ Medium Hig	gh (High
Supply static (inches of w	rater column)	Supp	ly air dry bulb te	emperature	Outside air dry bulb	temperature
Return static (inches of w	ater column)	Retur	n air dry bulb te	mperature	Return air wet bulb t	temperature
Total external static press	sure	Temp	erature drop		Supply air wet bulb	temperature
Other Jumpers (Che	eck all that app	oly)				
HUM STAT O Y	ES O NO	AC/HP	○ AC	C HP COI	NT FAN C L	\bigcirc M \bigcirc H
					C	ontinued on next Page

Electric Heat (Comp	olete all that apply)										
Electric heat kit - Mode	el number		Serial number	r	Rate	d KW					
		Heater 1		Heater 2	Heater 3						
Number	Measured Amper	Measured Amperage Heater 4			Heater 6						
of elements		Heater 1		Heater 2	Heater 3						
	Measured Volta	ge Heater 4		Heater 5	Heater 6						
Haating water and air											
Heating return air dry bulb temperature Heating supply air dry bulb temperature Air temperature rise											
Clean Up Job Site											
Job site has been cle	eaned, indoor and out	tdoor debris remove	d from job site								
Tools have been ren	noved from unit										
All panels have beer	n installed										
Unit Operation and	d Cycle Test (Co	mplete all that appl	y)								
Operate the unit thr	ough continuous fan	cycles from the ther	mostat, noting	and correc	ting any problems						
Operate the unit thr	ough cooling cycles f	rom the thermostat,	noting and cor	recting any	problems						
Operate the unit thr	ough mechanical hea	ting cycles from the	thermostat, no	ting and co	orrecting any problems						
Operate the unit thr	ough emergency hea	ting cycles from the	thermostat, not	ting and co	orrecting any problems						
Owner Education											
Provide owner with	the owner's manual										
Explain operation of	f system to equipmen	it owner									
Explain thermostat	use and programming	g (if applicable) to ov	vner								
	nce of regular filter re	-	pment mainten	ance							
Comments and Ac	dditional Job De	tails									